

Talking With Your Doctor About KERENDIA® (finerenone)



When you're exploring treatment options for chronic kidney disease in type 2 diabetes (CKD in T2D), talking with your doctor may be overwhelming. This guide provides suggested questions to help you start the conversation with your doctor so you can decide together whether KERENDIA is right for you.



What is KERENDIA?

KERENDIA is a prescription medicine used to treat chronic kidney disease in adults with type 2 diabetes to reduce the risk of:

- Worsening of kidney disease
- Kidney failure
- Death due to cardiovascular disease
- Heart attack
- Hospitalization for heart failure

Ask your doctor if KERENDIA can help treat your CKD in T2D

Questions you can ask your doctor:

Has my kidney function worsened since my last visit? _____

Could KERENDIA slow the worsening of my CKD in T2D? _____

Will I see a change in my eGFR and UACR tests? _____

What possible side effects should I look out for? _____

How long will I need to take KERENDIA? _____

Can I take KERENDIA with my other medications? _____

Other questions I have for my doctor: _____

Remember to bring your most recent lab work. That way you and your doctor will have the most up-to-date information when you talk about the worsening of your chronic kidney disease in type 2 diabetes.

Important Safety Information

Do not take KERENDIA if you:

- Have problems with your adrenal glands
- Take certain medications called CYP3A4 inhibitors. Ask your healthcare provider if you are not sure if you are taking any of these medications

Please see Important Safety Information continued on next page.

The KERENDIA Patient Support Program is here to support you at every step of your treatment journey



We are committed to help you with insurance, financial, and affordability challenges.

Live helpline support

- Speak with a health insurance expert to help you with insurance questions you may have
- Support in multiple languages, including in Spanish



Call us at 1-888-KERENDIA (537-3634), or visit [KERENDIASavings.com](https://www.KERENDIASavings.com) for more information



Eligible patients may pay as little as \$0 per month for KERENDIA*

You can download and activate the KERENDIA Savings Card at [KERENDIASavings.com](https://www.KERENDIASavings.com).

The Bayer US **Patient Assistance Foundation** is a charitable organization that helps eligible patients get Bayer prescription medicine at no cost. Please contact the program at 1-866-2BUSPAF (228-7723) Monday-Friday, 9:00 AM-6:00 PM EST, or visit the foundation website at www.patientassistance.bayer.us for information to see if you may qualify for assistance.



Bayer US **Patient Assistance Foundation**

*Patients are eligible if they are commercially insured and may pay as little as \$0 and save up to \$3000 per year. Patients who are enrolled in any type of government insurance or reimbursement programs are not eligible. Full terms and conditions apply, see www.KERENDIASavings.com.

Important Safety Information (cont'd)

Before you take KERENDIA, tell your healthcare provider about all your medical conditions, including if you:

- Have high potassium levels in your blood (hyperkalemia) or take medications that may increase potassium levels in your blood. KERENDIA can cause hyperkalemia. Your healthcare provider will check your potassium levels before and during treatment with KERENDIA
- Have severe liver problems
- Are pregnant or plan to become pregnant, or are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. Avoid breastfeeding during treatment with KERENDIA and 1 day after treatment

Tell your healthcare provider about all the prescription and over-the-counter medicines you take, including: salt substitutes, vitamins, and herbal or potassium supplements.

- KERENDIA may affect the way other medications work, and other medications may affect how KERENDIA works. Do not start or stop any medicine before you talk with your healthcare provider. Avoid grapefruit or grapefruit juice as it may increase KERENDIA levels in the blood

The most common side effects of KERENDIA include:

- Hyperkalemia (potassium level in your blood that is higher than normal)
- Hypotension (blood pressure that is lower than normal)
- Hyponatremia (sodium level in your blood that is lower than normal)

Please see the [Prescribing Information](#) for KERENDIA.

